# Long term surveillance to promote athlete health and performance

#### - the Norwegian health team experiences

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- History aims, value and benefits of injury & illness surveillance
- 10 years of data from Olympic (Youth) and Paralympic Games

- Beijing 2008 to Lausanne YOG 2020

• The Norwegian team experience following 10 years of health monitoring

### LIIKUNTATIETEELLINEN SEURA



Liikunnan tiedeviestintää vuodesta 1933

## Why are we doing surveillance?





## History of injury & illnes systems in spo



2008 Development of surveillance methodology (IOC) (1998) 2010 - 2018

Implementation of surveillance by IFs

Revision of IOC surveillance methodology + sport-specific adaptations

2020

Tennis-specific xtension of the International Olympic Committee consensus statement: methods for recording and reporting of epidemiological data on injury and illness in sport 2020

Evert Verhagen . 12.14 Benjamin Clarsen . 55 Jamie Capel-Davies, Christy Collins," Wayne Derman O., 510 Don de Winter, 11 Nicky Dunn, Machar Reid, 16 Per AFH Renstrom, 17 Kathleen Stroia, 18 Sue Wolstenholme, 19 Babette M Pluim @ 13031

he IOC his prop 13 disciplines in the 2018 Winter Gas ecording and reporting of data for injury and illner is anticipated that 3.2 sports with a toru in sport. The IDC concernus statement authors

OPEN ACCESS

Methods for epidemiological studies

cycling: in extension of the IOC cons

on methods for recording and report

epidemiological data on injury and i

sport 2020



IOC injury & illness surveillance during Olympic (Youth) Games published in numerous reports



#### IOC medical surveillance: up to 1 in 6 athletes are injured and 1 in 10 experience an illness during Olympic Games



# How do IOC collect data ? Via 2 sources





#### Daily EMR reports from the Polyclinic & medical venue stations





#### IOC injury & illness surveillance team on site - Tokyo 2020





# of injuries/illnesses per 100 athletes





<sup>18</sup> Injury and illness risk over 3 consecutive Winter Olympic Games



<sup>18</sup> Injury and illness risk over 4consecutive Youth Olympic Games





# IPC medical surveillance during Paralympic Games



## IPC medical surveillance during Paralympic Games









Looking at Games/Championships is just a snap shot







#### Health Team





#### 2.0 admin- + 4.4 phyisician- + 5.8 physiotherapist-positions





Olympiatoppen



# basis for training + performance





Olympiatoppen

Keep athletes healthy, provide optimal treatment!

## Challenges providing medical support to an Olympic & Paralympic team

- Lots of small teams
- Athletes live all over the world & travel constantly
- Few sports have year-round medical coverage
- Athletes relate to multiple medical providers
  - Olympic Training Center
  - National team
  - Professional team/club
  - Local support network

## Challenges providing medical support to an Olympic & Paralympic team

- Poor communication between medical providers
- Athletes can be slow to report new health problems
- Many problems remain "under the radar" or without a clear management plan





# Norwegian health monitoring program

#### **Original research**

Methods, challenges and benefits of a health monitoring programme for Norwegian Olympic and Paralympic athletes: the road from London 2012 to Tokyo 2020 British Journal of Sports Medicine 2021: May 26

Benjamin Clarsen (), <sup>1,2,3</sup> Kathrin Steffen (), <sup>1,2</sup> Hilde Moseby Berge, <sup>1,2</sup> Fredrik Bendiksen, <sup>1</sup> Bjørn Fossan, <sup>1</sup> Hilde Fredriksen (), <sup>1,2</sup> Hilde Gjelsvik, <sup>1</sup> Lars Haugvad, <sup>1</sup> Mona Kjelsberg, <sup>1</sup> Ola Ronsen, <sup>1</sup> Thomas Torgalsen, <sup>1</sup> Anders Walløe, <sup>1</sup> Roald Bahr () <sup>1,2</sup>

#### ABSTRACT

View, line by Completive To describe the implementation of a health monitoring programme for Norwegian Paralympic and Olympic candidates over five consecutive Olympic and Paralympic Games cycles (London 2012, Sochi 2014, Rio Paralympic athletes are often supported by multiple medical providers (such as in their club or professional team); they often live, train and compete all over the world, and they frequently travel without medical support.

Additional online supplemental material is published online only. To view, please visit the journal online (http://dx.doi.org/10.1136/ bjsports-2020-103717).





## Periodic health examination ELECTRONICALLY - part 1 (for Olympic and Para candidate athletes)

- Background information
- Medical information
- Nutrition
- Women's and men's health
- Cardiac
- Family history
- GP, specialists, medication
- Injury history
- Travel experiences, vaccines
- Cognitive function
- Mental health

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	Enter number	
Diagnosen som gjør at du	Hvor mange timer i uken trener du i näværende periode? *	
Enter text	Både idrettsspesifikk og generell fysisk trening/styrketrening/rehab	
	Enter number	
	SIVIL STATUS ROEOPHOLD LITDANINELSE APREID STUDIE STIPEND	









#### TARGETED FOLLOW UP OF HEALTH PROBLEMS


### Weekly OSTRC-H questionnaire (4 questions)



Oslo Sports Trauma

## Data examples

2x

NORGE	悠 My Teams	දි Users	ැලි Settings	? Help	Benjamin 🗸
My Teams					🕀 New Team
Athletics ~ 19 athletes					
Beach volleyball v 4 athletes					
Cycling ~ 14 athletes					
Golf ~ 11 athletes					•••
Gymnastics ~ 2 athletes					
Handball - Men V 27 athletes					
Handball - Women ~ 29 athletes					***

3 Athletes				
	Test athlete, Ben   Aug Aug Sep Sep Sep   20 27 03 10 17 24   INJURY - OVERUSE   Lower back   Non-specific low back pain / mechanical pain	+	( <sup>1</sup> )	0
	Test athlete, Brad   Aug Aug Sep Sep Sep   20 27 03 10 17 24   INJURY - OVERUSE   Knee (Undiagnosed) 🖂	+	(***) (***	0
	Test athlete, LarsAugAugSepSepSep202703101724No health problems	+		0
	LUCas, LeonAugAugSepSepSep202703101724No health problems	(†		0.
	Test athlete, AndreaAugAugSepSepSep202703101724No health problems	+	( <del>*</del>	0.

.

### Response and diagnosis rates



	Total
Response rate	292 / 351 (83.2%)
Diagnosis rate	13 / 15 (86.7%)

### Health outcomes (incidence & prevalence of health problems)



Comments

### Injury locations

+



Health Problems

illness type	S	Cases	Slight (0 days)	Mild (1-7 days)	Moderate (8-28 days)	Severe (>28 days)	Total time loss	Severity score
initial cype	Injury	11	7	3	1	0	19	1403
	Acute	4	1	3	0	0	11	282
	Lower back	1	0	1	0	0	6	168
	Foot	1	0	1	0	0	1	50
	Knee	1	1	0	0	0	0	32
	Hand	1	0	1	0	0	7	116
	Overuse	7	6	0	1	0	8	1121
	Lower back	1	1	0	0	0	0	640
	Lower leg	2	2	0	0	0	0	65
	Upper arm	1	1	0	0	0	0	144
	Ankle	1	0	0	1	0	8	184
	Foot	1	1	0	0	0	0	16
	Neck	1	1	0	0	0	0	72
	Illness	8	1	7	0	0	24	706
	Dermatology	2	1	1	0	0	4	166
	Respiratory	1	0	1	0	0	3	84
	Infectious disease	2	0	2	0	0	9	211
	No category selected	2	0	2	0	0	6	177
	Gastrointestinal	1	0	1	0	0	2	68

### **Relative Burden**

All health problems ¥

Mean time loss days

~

Paralympics sommer Paris 2024 Health issues 2021-05-17 To 2021-11-16



### Surveillance - two complimentary benefits

### Individual/athlete level

- Facilitate consistent communication between athletes and medical staff
- Early identification of new problems
- Continuous monitoring of known problems

### "Big-picture" risk evaluation

- Identify injury and illness patterns
  - What types of injuries and illnesses?
  - Which athletes are affected?
  - What times of the year?
- Identify prevention priorities
- Assess effect of interventions



## How often do our athletes get sick or injured?

### How many of our athletes are sick or injured at any given time?

# What are the biggest health problems affecting our team?



## 10 Olympic/Paralympic cycles - 94 Para & 538 Olympic athletes





### 35 272 reports - 4 088 health problems



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Illness and injury among Norwegian Para athletes over five consecutive Paralympic Summer and Winter Games cycles: prevailing high illness burden on the road from 2012 to 2020 British Journal of Sports Medicine 2021: Oct 4

Kathrin Steffen <sup>(i)</sup>, <sup>1,2</sup> Benjamin Clarsen, <sup>1,2,3</sup> Hilde Gjelsvik, <sup>2</sup> Lars Haugvad, <sup>2</sup> Anu Koivisto-Mørk, <sup>4</sup> Roald Bahr <sup>(i)</sup>, <sup>1,2</sup> Hilde Moseby Berge<sup>1,2</sup>

### ABSTRACT

**Objective** To describe the illness and injury pattern of Norwegian Para athletes over five consecutive Paralympic Summer and Winter Games cycles and to identify which health problems should be targeted in risk management plans with respect to impairment types.

**Methods** We monitored athletes from 12 to 18 months prior to each Game using a weekly online questionnaire (Oslo Sports Trauma Research Center-H2 (OSTRC-H2)). We asked them to report all health problems they had experienced in the preceding 7 days, irrespective of their consequences on their sports participation or performance and whether they had sought medical

Para athletes (32 days lost from sport each year) compared with Olympic athletes (27 days).<sup>3</sup> Para athletes have underlying and pre-existing medical conditions, which may make them more vulnerable to illnesses in particular.<sup>4–6</sup>

**Original research** 

Early identification of health problems is important to target treatment and prevention.<sup>1-3</sup> Injury and illness surveillance is now well established in Olympic and Paralympic Games, driven by the Medical and Scientific Commission of the International Olympic Committee and the Medical Committee of the International Paralympic Committee. The incidence proportions of illnesses





# How often do our athletes get sick or injured?

### How many of our athletes are sick or injured at any given time?

# What are the biggest health problems affecting our team?



### On average, each of our athletes report









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At any given time ...



# **370** of our Para athletes have health problems

95% CI: 36% to 39%

**20%** Acute (5%) and overuse complaints (15%)

95% CI: 19% to 21%



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At any given time ...



# 3206 of our Olympic athletes have health problems



### Acute (10%) and overuse complaints (14%)

95% CI: 23% to 24%



Illness 95% CI: 9% to 10%

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## Our athletes loose on average 33 (Paralympic) and 27 (Olympic) days per year due to health problems ...



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# Paralympic athletes loose on average 33 days per year, mostly due to illnesses

11 days due to infections (respiratory, skin, urinary)

3 days due to gastrointestinal problems



7 days due to shoulder and elbow injuries

# How often do our athletes get sick or injured?

How many of our athletes are sick or injured at any given time?

## What are the biggest health problems affecting our team?





## Risk matrix

### Consensus statement

International Olympic Committee consensus statement: methods for recording and reporting of epidemiological data on injury and illness in sport 2020 (including STROBE Extension for Sport Injury and Illness Surveillance (STROBE-SIIS))

Roald Bahr •, <sup>1,2</sup> Ben Clarsen •, <sup>1,3</sup> Wayne Derman, <sup>4</sup> Jiri Dvorak, <sup>5</sup> Carolyn A Emery •, <sup>6,7</sup> Caroline F Finch •, <sup>8</sup> Martin Hägglund •, <sup>9</sup> Astrid Junge, <sup>10,11</sup> Simon Kemp, <sup>12,13</sup> Karim M Khan •, <sup>14,15</sup> Stephen W Marshall, <sup>16</sup> Willem Meeuwisse, <sup>17,18</sup> Margo Mountjoy •, <sup>19,20</sup> John W Orchard •, <sup>21</sup> Babette Pluim, <sup>22,23</sup> Kenneth L Quarrie •, <sup>24,25</sup> Bruce Reider, <sup>26</sup> Martin Schwellnus, <sup>27</sup> Torbjørn Soligard •, <sup>28,29</sup> Keith A Stokes •, <sup>30,31</sup> Toomas Timpka •, <sup>32,33</sup> Evert Verhagen •, <sup>34</sup> Abhinav Bindra, <sup>35</sup> Richard Budgett, <sup>28</sup> Lars Engebretsen, <sup>1,28</sup> Uğur Erdener, <sup>28</sup> Karim Chamari<sup>36</sup>

### ABSTRACT

published online only. To view, please visit the journal online (http://dx.doi.org/10.1136/ biponts.2019-101960), ploparts.2019-101960), end of articlie.

Additional material is

ADD TRACT Injury and Timess surveillance, and epidemiological studies, are fundamental elements of concerted efforts to protect the health of the athlete. To encourage consistency in the definitions and methodology used, and to enable data across studies to be compared, research groups have published 11 sport-specific or setting-specific consensus statements

accurate data capture and careful analysis of data are building blocks for sports injuryillness prevention programmes. Important questions that sports injury and illness surveillance projects are designed to address include: What is the risk of an individual athlete sustaining an acute injury, developing an oversus einjury or becoming ill in a given sport?



### Incidence











### Risk matrix for acute and overuse injuries and illnesses in Norwegian Olympic and Paralympic athletes



Incidence (# of health problems per athlete per year)

### Injury and illness risk matrix

Norwegian Olympic & Paralympic Team 2018-2019



Norwegian Olympic and Paralympic athletes



















# Practical implications and benefits of continuous health monitoring/surveillane

- For a health team/NOC: planning of health resources, staffing a team, collaboration between athlete, coach and health team
- For IF: organizing health resources in preparation of major sport events, special needs, evaluation of policy changes
- For everybody: Building of knowledge, transfer to recreational athletes



### Changes in weekly prevalence of health issues BEFORE and AFTER lock-down/COVID-restrictions (april 2020)

Norwegian examples: pre and post COVID-lockdown

Para - team TOKYO 2020 Para ice sledge hockey team BEIJING 2022

### TOKYO - para team BEFORE and AFTER lock-down (april 2020)


#### Para Hockey team BEFORE and AFTER lock-down



14% to 18%

6% to 9%

0%

33% 1.1 cases per athlete per year

0% 22% 0.6 cases per athlete per year

16%

7%

All overuse injuries

Substantial overuse injuries

## What are reasons for health problems?



# Benefits of health screening for Olympic and Paralympic athletes







# 4 Olympic and Paralympic Games cycles 546 OL + 94 PL athletes









TOKY0 2020



828 games cycles



Describe screening measures, incl positive findings Which ones need follow-up?









	OL	PL	OL	PL	OL	PL	OL	PL	SUM OL*	SUM PL*
PAPER/ELECTRONIC HEALTH SCREENING		е <u>к</u>		4.0			An			
Background info - years in training	128	29	145	39	128	23	99	33	500	124
Family history - cardiac	127	29	145	39	129	22	99	33	500	123
GP info					17	23	98	33	115	56
Medical info - incl infections, asthma, allergies	127	29	145	39	127	23	99	33	498	124
Injury history	127	29	145	39	127	23	99	33	498	124
Nutrition	127	29	147	39	127	23	99	33	500	124
Mens health					12	7	70	27	82	34
Womens health	72	15	40	6	38	15	27	6	177	42
Travel					17	23	99	33	116	56
Recovery					17	23	99	33	116	56
Cognitive function					17	23	99	33	116	56
Mental health					17	23	99	33	116	56
Assistance - PL only	NA		NA		NA	23	NA	29		52
Urinary problems - PL only	NA		NA		NA	8	NA	14		22
Gastrointetsinal problems - PL only	NA		NA		NA	6	NA	15		21
MEDICAL ASSESSMENTS AT OLT				Mc	ore data to ext	ract Mo	re data to ext	ract		
Cardiac (last 12 months)	91	24	100	26	84	10			275	60
Spirometry	113	22	101	26	57	5			271	53

Bone mineral density - follow-up measure? - Anu

Blood samples (incl Vit D, infection-measures)

Musculoskeletal tests (ROM) - PL only

Functional tests (ROM, strength)

ECG

Blood pressure + pulse

relatively small N

### Outcomes of PHEs Goal: to identify pos findings that need follow-up





## Health challenges (findings from PHE)

MSK-problems (shoulder, elbow, lower back +++)

Low energy expenditure due to less active muscle mass

Greater risk for skin irritations/infections

Greater risk for overweight and metabolic syndrome (cardio, diabetes, ++)

Poor bone health

Greater risk for adverse body composition

Greater risk for infections (urinary, respiratory)

Problems with bowel and digestive system

Social, mental and cognitive challenges



# Making it happen

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# What's in it for me?





# What's in it for me?

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# What's in it for me?

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## Take home messages

- Ongoing surveillance of individual sports is difficult, but possible using athlete-based reporting systems
  - ... and builds the foundation for the development and evaluation of preventive measures
- Good surveillance data informs risk management at both an individual and a group level
- For long-term success, the surveillance system needs to have direct benefits for athletes, medical staff and coaches



#### The Oslo Sports Trauma Research Center

has been established at the Norwegian School of Sport Sciences through generous grants from the Royal Norwegian Ministry of Culture, the South-Eastern Norway Regional Health Authority, the International Olympic Committee, the Norwegian Olympic Committee & Confederation of Sport, and Norsk Tipping AS



#### (Oslo Sports Trauma RESEARCH CENTER